US History

Unit 1 Test: Exploration & Colonization

Sedentary societies – South America

Sedentary societies – North America

Vikings/Leif Erikson

European motivation for exploration

Christopher Columbus

Vasco Nunez Balboa

Ferdinand Magellan

Ponce de Leon

Francisco Coronado

Juan Cabrillo

Hernando de Soto

Hernando Cortez

Francisco Pizarro

Amerigo Verpucci

Giovanni da Verrazano

Jacques Cartier

Samuel de Champlain

Antoine Cadillac

Robert de la Salle

Spanish Armada

Sir Walter Raleigh

Results of Contact between Europeans & Natives

King James

Christopher Newport

John Smith

John Rolfe

Powhatan

Pocahontas

Jamestown

Life in Jamestown (harsh realities?)

Starving Time

Tobacco (how did it change/save Jamestown?)

Bacon’s Rebellion

William Berkeley

Maryland (purpose of founding)

Maryland Act of Toleration

Carolinas (purpose of founding)

North Carolina

Georgia (purpose of founding)

Colonial Slavery (first slaves; then?)

Why African slavery slow to develop?

Slave codes

Crops planted in the South

Middle Passage

Gullah

Puritans

Pilgrims

Predestination

Mayflower

Mayflower Compact

John Winthrop

“City on a Hill”

William Bradford

Town hall meetings

Roger Williams

Anne Hutchinson

Salem Witch Trials

Great Awakening

Royal Colonies (what? Examples?)

New Netherlands/New Amsterdam

Pennsylvania

William Penn

Quakers

Crops planted in Middle Colonies

Salutary Neglect

Characteristics of Southern Colonies:

Characteristics of Northern (New England):

Characteristics of Middle Colonies:

**On the map, label all 13 colonies, major port cities, and in which region each colony is located.**

