AP Human Geography

Political Geography Review

Unit IV: Political Organization of Space

1. Put the following in order from the largest to the smallest: census tract, county, municipality, nation-state, province, empire
2. Reasons for European exploration: G\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, g\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, g\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Match the following:

1. nation state
2. multi-nation state
3. multi-state nation
4. Korea
5. Japan
6. Indonesia

Match the following:

1. compact state
2. elongated state
3. prorupted state
4. perforated state
5. fragmented state
6. landlocked state

a. Afghanistan

b. Indonesia

c. Nicaragua

d. South Africa

e. Vatican City

f. Vietnam

Match the following (some states have more than one answer):

1. Brazil
2. China
3. Mesopotamia
4. Taiwan

a. was a hearth
b. was a colony
c. is a sovereign state

d. has a forward capital

Match the following (some states have more than one answer):

1. unitary state
2. federal state
3. confederal state
4. devolution
5. Canada
6. France
7. Germany
8. Mexico
9. Switzerland
10. USA

Place the following colonial powers under the appropriate headings:

Belgium, Britain, France, Germany, Italy, Netherlands, Portugal

129. Africa, 1850

130. Africa, 1900

131. Africa, 1950

Match the following:

1. model that demonstrates the transfer of resources from less developed to more developed areas
2. the fringe of a state
3. land beyond a border
4. the node of a state
5. an area the retains a distinction from a larger area
6. manipulating boundaries for political gain
7. an area rather than a line

a. core-periphery

b. enclave
c. frontier
d. gerrymandering e. heartland
f. hinterland
g. rimland

Label each boundary physical or cultural and give an example

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| boundary  | physical or cultural  | example  |
| 139. mountain  |  |  |
| 140. language  |  |  |
| 141. religion  |  |  |
| 142. river  |  |  |
| 143. geometric  |  |  |
| 144. the Green Line  |  |  |

145. The European Union, the Arab League, and the United Nations are all examples of

1. pressure groups
2. nation-states
3. centrifugal organizations
4. supranational organizations
5. federations
6. Which of the following has fostered the most significant economic growth by eliminating import tariffs between member states?
	1. European Union (EU)
	2. Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC)
	3. North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO)
	4. Association of Caribbean States (ACS)
	5. United Nations (UN)
7. The provisions of the United Nations Conference on the Law of the Sea give coastal countries navigational and economic sovereignty over which of the following zones?
	1. twelve-nautical-mile territorial sea zone and part of the Arctic Circle
	2. export processing zone (EPZ)
	3. 200-nautical-mile exclusive economic zone
	4. empowerment zone
	5. continental shelf
8. An increasing number of states have adopted a federal form of government primarily to
	1. grant different ethnicities or nationalities more effective representation.
	2. encourage the breakup of the superpower alliances.
	3. govern compact states more effectively.
	4. deploy scarce resources efficiently.
	5. meet all of the above needs.

State Shapes

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | Explanation | Examples | Advantages | Disadvantages | Visual |
| Compact |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prorupt |  |  |  |  |  |
| Elongated |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fragmented |  |  |  |  |  |
| Perforated |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exclave |  |  |  |  |  |
| Enclave |  |  |  |  |  |

Types of Boundaries:

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Type | Explanation | Example(s) |
| Physical |  |  |
| Geometric |  |  |
| Subsequent |  |  |
| Cultural |  |  |
| Antecedent |  |  |
| Superimposed |  |  |
| Relic |  |  |
| Fortified |  |  |
| Locational Boundary Dispute |  |  |
| Operational Boundary Dispute |  |  |
| Allocational Boundary Dispute |  |  |

Supranational Organization:

International Organization:

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Organization | Goals | Members | Advantages to membership | Disadvantages to membership |
| NATO |  |  |  |  |
| NAFTA |  |  |  |  |
| EU |  |  |  |  |
| OPEC |  |  |  |  |